# ORDINANCE NO. 2047-21

AN ORDINANCE ADOPTING AND APPROVING AMENDMENTS AND ENACTMENTS TO CHAPTER 14 "ANIMALS" AND AMENDING CHAPTER 38-14 FINES, FEES AND PENALTIES ASSOCIATED WITH AMENDMENTS AND ENACTMENTS OF CHAPTER 14 OF THE REVISED MUNICIPAL CODE OF THE VILLAGE OF NORRIDGE - 2002

An Ordinance Amending and Adopting Regulations Regarding Dogs and Other Animals

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An Ordinance Amending and Adopting Regulations Regarding Dogs and Other Animals

WHEREAS, the Village of Norridge (the "Village"), as a home rule municipality in accordance with Article VII Section 6(a) of the Constitution of the State of Illinois of 1970, is enacting this Ordinance pursuant to its home rule authority; and

WHEREAS, it is the policy of the Village to update the ordinances which provide protection for the public health and safety by regulating the policies of the Village which pertain to dogs and other animals; and

WHEREAS, it is the policy of the Village to protect animals and provide for their welfare; and

WHEREAS, the Village Board of Trustees ("Village Board") has undertaken a comprehensive review of the current regulations regarding dogs and other animals and their owners and after review now wish to amend the current regulations regarding dogs and other animals in the Village and to revise the pertinent sections of the Revised Municipal Code of the Village – 2002 ("Village Code") to better align the Village Code with state law and to current practices providing for the care of animals in certain situations that are dangerous to their health and well-being; and

WHEREAS, the Village Board is undertaking this comprehensive revision of Chapter 14 of the Village Code in the interest of the health safety and welfare of the Village and its residents.

NOW, THEREFORE BE IT ORDAINED by the President and Board of Trustees of the Village of Norridge, Illinois, as follows:

#### Section 1.

The foregoing recitals are hereby incorporated in this Section One as if fully set forth herein.

#### Section 2.

That Chapter 14 Article I, Article II, Article IV, Article V and Article VI of the Village Code entitled "Animals" and its various subsections be and hereby are enacted, amended, repealed and reenacted as set forth below with the corresponding text set forth in **Exhibit A** attached hereto and made a part hereof:

# Chapter 14 ANIMALS

# ARTICLE 1. IN GENERAL

- **Sec. 14-1. Rules and Definitions.** Section 14-1 *Rules and Definitions* be and hereby is repealed as the text set forth in Exhibit A Section 14-1 is reenacted in its stead.
- **Sec. 14-2. Reserved.** Section 14-2 *Reserved* be and hereby is restated as set forth in Exhibit A Section 14-2.
- **Sec. 14-3. Kennels or pet shops.** Section 14-3 *Kennels or pet shops* be and hereby is restated as set forth in Exhibit A Section 14-3.
- **Sec. 14-4. Keeping animals other than domestic pets.** Section 14-4 *Keeping animals other than domestic pets* be and hereby is restated as set forth in Exhibit A Section 14-4.
- **Sec. 14-5. Dangerous or vicious animals.** Section 14-5 *Dangerous or vicious animals* be and hereby is restated as set forth in Exhibit A Section 14-5.
- **Sec. 14-6. Animal bites; procedures.** Section 14-6 *Animal bites; procedures* be and hereby is restated as set forth in Exhibit A Section 14-6.
- **Sec. 14-7. Noisy animals; Disturbing peace or quiet.** Section 14-7 *Noisy animals; Disturbing peace or quiet* be and hereby is repealed and the text set forth in Exhibit A Section 14-7 is reenacted in its stead.
- **Sec. 14-8. Diseased animals.** Section 14-8 *Diseased animals* be and hereby is amended and restated and the text is set forth in Exhibit A Section 14-8.
- Secs. 14-9—14-40. Reserved.

# ARTICLE II. ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT

Sec. 14-41. Right of entry and inspections. Section 14-41 Right of entry and inspections be

and hereby is restated as the text set forth in Exhibit A Section 14-41.

- **Sec. 14-42. Impoundment and Release From Impoundment.** Section 14-42 *Impoundment and Release From Impoundment* be and hereby is repealed and the text set forth in Exhibit A Section 14-42 is reenacted in its stead.
- **Sec. 14-43. Disposition of unclaimed dogs or other animals.** Section 14-43 *Disposition of unclaimed dogs or other animals* be and hereby is newly enacted as set forth in Exhibit A Section 14-43.
- **Sec. 14-44. Procedures non-exclusive.** Section 14-44 *Procedures non-exclusive* be and hereby is newly enacted as the text set forth in Exhibit A Section 14-44.
- **Sec. 14-45. Enforcement.** Section 14-45 *Enforcement* be and hereby is newly enacted as the text set forth in Exhibit A Section 14-45.

Secs. 14-46-14-70. Reserved.

# ARTICLE III. DOGS AND CATS

- **Sec. 14-71. License.** Section 14-71 *License* be and hereby is restated as set forth in Exhibit A Section 14-71.
- **Sec. 14-72. Inoculation against rabies.** Section 14-72 *Inoculation against rabies* be and hereby is restated as set forth in Exhibit A Section 14-72.
- **Sec. 14-73. Wearing of rabies tags.** Section 14-73 *Wearing of rabies tags* be and hereby is restated as set forth in Exhibit A Section 14-73.
- **Sec. 14-74. Number.** Section 14-74 *Number* be and hereby is restated as set forth in Exhibit A Section 14-74.
- **Sec. 14-75. Muzzles and/or leashes required.** Section 14-75 *Muzzles and/or leashes required* be and hereby is restated as set forth in Exhibit A Section 14-75.
- **Sec. 14-76.** Animals prohibited in certain places at certain time and certain circumstances. Section 14-76 *Animals prohibited in certain places at certain time and certain circumstances* be and hereby is repealed and the text set forth in Exhibit A Section 14-76 is reenacted in its stead.
- **Sec. 14-77. Reserved.** Section 14-77 *Creating a Nuisance* be and hereby is repealed and the text set forth in Exhibit A Section 14-78 C is reenacted in its stead and Section 14-77 be and hereby is denominated as Reserved.
- **Sec. 14-78. Removal of feces and excrement.** Section 14-78 *Removal of feces and excrement* be and hereby is repealed and the text set forth in Exhibit A Section 14-78 is reenacted in its stead.

- **Sec. 14-79. Damage or injury.** Section 14-79 *Damage or injury* be and hereby is restated as set forth in Exhibit A Section 14-79.
- **Sec. 14-80. During estrus (heat).** Section 14-80 *During estrus (heat)* be and hereby is repealed in part and the text set forth in Exhibit A Section 14-80 is reenacted in its stead.
- **Sec. 14-81. Dangerous or vicious dogs.** Section 14-81 *Dangerous or vicious dogs* be and hereby is repealed in part and the text set forth in Exhibit A Sections 14-82, 14-83 and 14-84 is reenacted in its stead.
- **Sec. 14-82. Prohibited conduct.** Section 14-82 *Prohibited conduct* be and hereby is newly enacted as the text set forth in Exhibit A Section 14-82.
- **Sec. 14-83. Dangerous Dogs.** Section 14-83 *Dangerous Dogs* be and hereby is newly enacted as the text set forth in Exhibit A Section 14-83.
- **Sec. 14-84. Vicious Dogs.** Section 14-84 *Vicious Dogs* be and hereby is newly enacted as the text set forth in Exhibit A Section 14-84.
- **Sec. 14-85. Quarantine of biting animals.** Section 14-85 *Quarantine of biting animals* be and hereby is newly enacted as the text set forth in Exhibit A Section 14-85.
- **Sec. 14-86. Rabid dogs.** Section 14-86 *Rabid dogs* be and hereby is newly enacted as the text set forth in Exhibit A Section 14-86.
- Secs. 14-87—14-110, Reserved.

# ARTICLE IV. HUMANE CARE

- Sec. 14-111. Removal of animal from negligent Owner to registered veterinarian or shelter; impoundment. Section 14-111 Removal of animal from negligent Owner to registered veterinarian or shelter; impoundment be and hereby is restated as the text set forth in Exhibit A Section 14-111.
- **Sec. 14-112. Injured or diseased animal in public places; removal; euthanization.** Section 14-112 *Injured or diseased animal in public places; removal; euthanization* be and hereby is restated as the text set forth in Exhibit A Section 14-112.
- **Sec. 14-113. Owner's duties.** Section 14-113 *Owner's Duties* be and hereby is restated as the text set forth in Exhibit A Section 14-113.
- **Sec. 14-114. Abuse or abandonment of animal and unlawful treatment of animals.** Section 14-114 *Abuse or abandonment of animal and unlawful treatment of animals* be and hereby is repealed in part and the text set forth in Exhibit A Section 14-114 is reenacted in its

stead.

- **Sec. 14-115. Animal fighting.** Section 14-115 *Animal fighting* be and hereby is restated and amended with the addition and enactment of subsection I as the text set forth in Exhibit A Section 14-115.
- **Sec. 14-116. Reserved.** *Offering animals as prizes* be and hereby is repealed in part and the text set forth in Exhibit A Section 14-114 A 9 is reenacted in its stead and Section 14-116 be and hereby is denominated as Reserved.
- Sec. 14-117. Intentional poisoning or attempts to injure or kill domesticated animals. Section 14-117 *Intentional poisoning or attempts to injure or kill domesticated animals* be and hereby is restated as set forth in Exhibit A Section 14-117.
- **Sec. 14-118.** Leaving unattended animals in vehicles, containers or structures. Section 14-118 *Leaving unattended animals in vehicles, containers or structures* be and hereby is restated as set forth in Exhibit A Section 14-118.
- **Sec. 14-119. Reserved.** Section 14-119 *Assisting animals struck by vehicles* be and hereby is repealed in part and the text set forth in Exhibit A Section 14-114 B is reenacted in its stead and Section 14-119 be and hereby is denominated as Reserved.
- **Sec. 14-120.** Leashing of animals to fixed objects. Section 14-120 *Leashing of animals to fixed objects* be and hereby is repealed in part and the text set forth in Exhibit A Section 14-120 is reenacted in its stead.
- **Sec. 14-121. Teasing, striking, tampering with, injuring or killing police dogs.** Section 14-121 *Teasing, striking, tampering with, injuring or killing police dogs* be and hereby is restated as set forth in Exhibit A Section 14-121.
- **Sec. 114-122. Problem pet owners.** Section 14-122 *Problem pet owners* be and hereby is newly enacted as the text set forth in Exhibit A Section 14-122.
- **Sec. 114-123. Hindering enforcement.** Section 14-123 *Hindering enforcement* be and hereby is newly enacted as the text set forth in Exhibit A Section 14-123.

# ARTICLE V. VIOLATIONS; PENALTIES

**Sec. 14-124. Violations; Penalty.** Section 14-124 *Violations; Penalty* be and hereby is newly enacted as the text set forth in Exhibit A Section 14-124.

#### ARTICLE VI.

# REGULATING THE SALE OF DOGS, CATS AND RABBITS

Article V *REGULATING THE SALE OF DOGS, CATS AND RABBITS* be and hereby shall be renumbered as Article VI as the text set forth in Exhibit A Article VI and the text shall be restated.

# Section 3.

Chapter 38, Section 14 of the Village Code be and hereby is amended by the restatement, amendment and enactment of the following additional fees and penalties for that section of the Village Code as set forth in **Exhibit B** attached hereto and made a part hereof.

# Section 4.

The repeal, reenactment and amendment of Chapter 14 Article I, Article II, Article III, Article IV, Article V, through and including Article VI and Chapter 38-14 of the Village Code as set forth hereinabove in Exhibits A and B (attached hereto and made a part hereof), shall not affect rights or liabilities which have accrued thereunder and which have been determined, settled or adjudicated prior to the Effective Date hereof, or which are the subject of proceedings pending thereunder on such Effective Date of this Ordinance. Specifically, any incident that occurs prior to 11:59 P.M. on October 27, 2021 shall be prosecuted under the version of Chapter 14 Article I, Article II, Article III, Article IV, Article V, or Article VI of the Village Code then in effect and shall be subject to the fines and penalties stated therein. Any incident occurring after 11:59 P.M. on October 27, 2021 shall be subject to the provisions and penalties set forth in this Ordinance amending Chapter 14 of the Village Code. All legal rights or remedies of any character are saved and none shall be lost, impaired or affected by the repeal, reenactment or amendment of Chapter 14 Article I, Article II, Article III, Article IV, Article V, through and including Article VI and Chapter 38-14 of the Village Code except such

as are referred to herein as being still in force or are, by necessary implication, herein reserved from repeal.

# Section 5.

All ordinances or parts of ordinances in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

# Section 6.

This Ordinance shall be in full force and effect from and after its passage, approval and publication in pamphlet form as provided by law at 11:59 P.M. on October 27, 2021 ("Effective Date").

# Section 7.

If any provision of this Ordinance, or the application of any provision of this Ordinance, is held unconstitutional or otherwise invalid, such occurrence shall not affect other provisions of this Ordinance or their application if they can be given effect without the unconstitutional or invalid provision or its application. Each unconstitutional or invalid provision is severable, unless otherwise provided by this Ordinance.

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PASSED by the President and Board of Trustees of the Village of Norridge, Cook County, Illinois, this 27th day of October 2021.

AYES:

NAYS:

ABSENT:

Gabriela Krasinski Village Clerk

APPROVED this 27th day of October 2021.

Honorable Daniel Tannhauser Village President

PUBLISHED by me this 27th day of October 2021 in pamphlet form.

Gabriela Krasinski Village Clerk

# EXHIBIT A CHAPTER 14

# EXHIBIT B FINES AND FEES

#### **Chapter 14 ANIMALS**

# ARTICLE 1. IN GENERAL

#### Sec. 14-1. Rules and Definitions.

- A. The language set forth in the text of this Chapter shall be interpreted in accordance with the following rules of construction:
  - 1. The singular of any word includes the plural thereof and the plural of any word includes the singular thereof.
  - 2. The word "shall" is mandatory; the word "may" is permissive.
  - 3. The masculine gender includes the feminine and neuter.
- B. Wherever the following words or phrases are used, they shall, for purposes of this Chapter, have the meanings ascribed to them in this Section 14-1 except when the context otherwise indicates.

Abandon means to leave an animal without demonstrated or apparent intent to recover or resume custody of the animal, to leave an animal for more than twelve (12) hours without providing adequate food, water, and shelter for the duration of the absence, or to turn out or release an animal for the purpose of causing it to be impounded, provided, however, that this definition shall not apply to Feral Cats.

Administrator means the Chief of Police or his designee.

Altered means an animal that has been permanently spayed or neutered.

Animal means any nonhuman mammal, bird, reptile, or amphibian.

Animal Control Officer means the Animal Control Officer of the Village or other individual designated by the Administrator that is charged with the enforcement of this Chapter.

Animal Shelter means any public or private organization, including the organization's officers, agents and representatives when acting in the name or on behalf of the organization, that controls, rescues, shelters, or cares for, animals as all or part of the purpose of the organization.

Bite means any cutting, wounding, or tearing with the teeth, including any abrasion of the skin.

Cat means any animal which is classified as Felis catus.

Confined means the restriction of the cat, dog or other animal at all times by the Owner in a manner that will isolate the animal from the public and other animals.

Dangerous animal means any lion, tiger, leopard, jaguar, cheetah, margay, mountain lion, lynx, bobcat, jaguarundi, bear, hyena, fox, wolf, coyote, or alligator, or any wild animal or poisonous or life-threatening reptile.

Dangerous Dog means any dog designated as a Dangerous Dog pursuant to Section 14-83.

Dog means any animal which is classified as Canis lupus familiaris.

Domestic Animal means a dog, cat, or other animal, the keeping of which is not otherwise prohibited under the terms of this Chapter, that has been raised or maintained in confinement or otherwise domesticated so as to live in a tame condition.

Emotional Service Dog means a certified therapy dog that is trained to be used as a therapeutic aid and to gain insight into thought and emotional and behavioral patterns.

Enclosure means a structure erected in conformance with this Code that:

- 1. Is designed to confine and prevent the escape of a Dangerous Dog or Vicious Dog and prevent the entry of children or other animals;
- 2. Lock securely, and includes a secure top, sides, and bottom;
- 3. Has sides that embed into the ground at a depth of at least one foot and attach to the bottom of the Enclosure so that the animal confined within cannot escape by digging under the sides of the Enclosure.
- 4. Is adequately lighted, kept in a clean and sanitary condition, and
- 5. Is labeled with a predominantly displayed warning sign at each entrance that indicates that a dangerous or vicious animal is confined within.

Feral Cat means a cat that (i) is born in the wild or is the offspring of a Domestic Animal or a feral cat and is not socialized, (ii) is a Domestic Animal that has been Abandoned and is no longer socialized, or (iii) lives on a farm.

Feral Cat Caretaker means a person participating in a program to trap, spay/neuter, return or release Feral Cats in order to help control cat overpopulation.

Hearing Officer means the individual(s) appointed as a Hearing Officer in the Village Administrative Hearing System.

Impounded means taken into custody by the Animal Control Officer.

Inoculation against rabies means the injection of a rabies vaccine approved by the state department of agriculture and administered by a licensed veterinarian in accordance with the company's recommendations for the vaccine use.

*Leash* means a cord, rope, strap, or chain that is securely fastened to the collar or harness of a dog and is sufficient to physically restrain and control the dog.

License Year shall mean the period between the first day of May in any calendar year and the last day of the next following month April.

*Microchip* means an identifying device consisting of a microchip or similar device that is humanely and permanently installed in or injected under the skin of an animal by a licensed veterinarian and is designed so that it provides, when scanned by an electronic reader, readable information as determined by the Chief of Police to allow, at a minimum, for the identification of the animal and the name, address, and telephone number of the Owner.

*Muzzle* means a device that covers a Dog's mouth with a strap over the Dog's head and around the neck to prevent it from biting.

Non-Retractable Leash means a Leash that cannot be increased in length via any mechanical device or any other means.

Owner means any person owning, keeping, harboring, or having the care or custody of an animal, except for a Feral Cat Caretaker temporarily harboring Feral Cats.

*Person* means any person, firm, partnership, trustee, association, or corporation.

Police Dog means any dog owned or used by the Police Department and trained to assist peace officers in the course of their law enforcement duties.

*Pound* means any facility licensed by the state department of agriculture and approved by the Administrator for the purpose of enforcing this chapter and used as a shelter for seized, stray, homeless, abandoned or unwanted animals.

Run Line means a securely anchored system of tying and keeping an animal in place with either a rope or chain sufficient to physically restrain and control the animal.

Running at Large means that a dog is off the premises of its Owner and not under the control of the Owner (or a person acting for the Owner) by means of a Leash that is capable of physically restraining the movement of such dog.

Service Dog means any guide dog, signal dog, or other dog trained to do work or perform tasks for the benefit of an individual with a disability, including, without limitation, guiding individuals with impaired vision, alerting individuals with impaired hearing to sounds, and pulling a wheelchair or fetching dropped items for individuals with mobility impairments.

Severe Physical Injury means any physical injury that results in any of the following injuries: (a) broken bones; (b) muscle, ligament, or tendon tears; (c) skin lacerations, puncture wounds, or other injuries that require sutures or surgery, or (d) the transmission of an infectious or contagious disease.

Vicious Dog means a dog designated as a Vicious Dog pursuant to Section 14-84.

#### Sec. 14-2. Reserved.

# Sec. 14-3. Kennels or pet shops.

It shall be unlawful to operate a kennel or pet shop in any residential area. Any shop or kennel may be inspected without notification for adherence to provisions of this Chapter.

# Sec. 14-4. Keeping animals other than domestic pets.

No person shall own, keep or allow to be at large any bees, goats, sheep, hogs, cattle or fowl within the village. Fowl shall include chickens, turkeys, geese, ducks and pigeons.

# Sec. 14-5. Dangerous or vicious animals.

- A. Keeping or harboring. No person shall have a right of property to keep, harbor, care for, act as custodian of or maintain in his possession any dangerous or vicious animal without written permission from the Chief of Police. Such permission shall be granted upon a showing of compliance with all laws and ordinances and upon a further showing that public health and safety will not be endangered by granting the permit.
- B. Killing, seizure and confiscation. It is no defense to a violation of subsection A. of this section that the person violating such subsection has attempted to domesticate the dangerous or vicious animal. If there appears to be imminent danger to the public, a police officer or other person may kill any dangerous or vicious animal found not to be in compliance with the provisions of this Section, or the dangerous or vicious animal shall be subject to seizure and may be placed in an approved facility. Upon conviction of a person for a violation of subsection A. of this Section, the animal with regards to which the conviction was obtained shall be confiscated and placed in an approved facility, with its Owner to be responsible for all costs connected with the seizure and confiscation of such animal.

#### Sec. 14-6. Animal bites; procedures.

- A. Notification of police. Whenever any cat, dog or other animal bites a person, the Owner of such animal shall immediately notify the police department within a time limit not to exceed 24 hours from the time of the bite.
- B. Confinement. After such information has been received, the Owner will be instructed to confine the biting animal under observation of a licensed veterinarian for a period of ten days, beginning within 24 hours of the biting incident. The biting animal may be confined in the house of its Owner in a manner which will prohibit it from biting any person or animal if the veterinarian adjudges such confinement satisfactory.
- C. Release of animal or examination of dead animal's head. If at the end of ten days the veterinarian is convinced that the animal is free from rabies, the animal shall be released from confinement. If the animal exhibits signs of rabies or dies during this period, its head shall be sent to the state department of health for examination. All expenses incurred by the execution of

the provisions of this Section shall be paid for by the Owner or keeper of such animal. In all cases in which the animal exhibits signs of rabies, the animal shall be humanely euthanized by a licensed veterinarian or person authorized by the state.

- D. Bite report. After receiving information that an animal which is capable of transmitting rabies has bitten a person, the police department shall, within 24 hours, send an animal bite report from the county department of animal and rabies control with all required information. Bite reports will be accepted from medical authorities, bite victims, their friends, animal Owners and any other person having knowledge of the bite.
- E. Police dog bites. When a person has been bitten by a police dog, the police dog may continue to perform its duties for the peace officer or law enforcement agency, and any period of observation of the police dog may be under the supervision of a peace officer. The supervision shall consist of the dog being locked in a kennel, performing its official duties in a police vehicle, or remaining under the constant supervision of its police handler. For the purpose of this subsection, the term "law enforcement agency" means an agency of the state or a unit of local government that is vested by law or ordinance with the duty to maintain public order and to enforce criminal laws or ordinances. The term "peace officer" has the meaning ascribed to it in 720 ILCS 5/2-13. The term "police dog" means a dog trained to assist peace officers in their law enforcement duties.
- F. Stray animals. Stray animals which have bitten a person shall be apprehended and held for ten days or less. When the biting stray animal is not held for ten days, it shall be humanely euthanized unless otherwise directed by the Administrator.
- G. Death before confinement period ends. If an animal that has bitten a person dies, is accidentally killed or is humanely euthanized before the tenth day following the bite, it shall have its head removed and sent to the state public health laboratory for rabies analysis (FRA Test). In all cases, this shall be done by a licensed veterinarian or person authorized by the state.

#### Sec. 14-7. Noisy animals; Disturbing peace or quiet.

- A. It shall be unlawful to own or keep any animal, fowl or pigeon which, by causing frequent or loud noise, shall disturb the comfort or repose of reasonable persons in the vicinity.
- B. It shall be unlawful for any person to own, keep, possess, or harbor any animal that, by habitual and continuous barking, howling, yelping, bawling, or other loud noise, annoys, disturbs, injures, or endangers the comfort, health, peace, repose, and/or safety of reasonable persons of ordinary sensibilities within the corporate limits of the Village.
- C. A police officer or the Animal Control Officer may, for an initial violation of Section 14-7 A or B of this Chapter, issue a warning to the Owner rather than a citation. No more than one such warning will be provided.
- D. Any dog that subsequently disturbs the peace or quiet after either (i) the Owner has received a warning pursuant to Section 14-7 C of this Chapter or, (ii) the dog has been found in violation

of Section 14-7 B of this Chapter by the Hearing Officer or the court, is declared hereby to be a public nuisance and may be apprehended and impounded at any time by a police officer or the Animal Control Officer.

E. Upon finding a violation of Section 14-7 B of this Chapter, the Hearing Officer or court may, in addition to the payment of the penalties provided under Section 14-124 of this Chapter, order the person to take sufficient action to immediately abate the nuisance.

#### Sec. 14-8. Diseased animals.

No Domestic Animal afflicted with a contagious or infectious disease shall be allowed to run at large or to be exposed in any public place whereby the health of man or other animal may be affected. Nor shall such diseased animal be shipped or removed from the premises of the Owner except under the supervision of the health commissioner or state licensed veterinarian. No such diseased animals shall be brought into the village. No one except a state licensed veterinarian can put to death or otherwise dispose of any animal suspected of having rabies or other disease. No Owner shall sell or otherwise give away any animal suspected of having rabies or other disease.

Secs. 14-9.—14-40. Reserved.

# ARTICLE II. ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT

# Sec. 14-41. Right of entry and inspections.

For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Chapter and making inspections under this chapter, the Administrator, his authorized representative or a police officer may enter upon private premises to apprehend a straying dog or other animal, a dangerous or vicious dog or other animal, or a dog or other animal thought to be infected with rabies or other diseased dog or animal. If, after the request of such officer, the Owner of such dog or other animal shall refuse to deliver the dog or other animal to the officer, the Owner shall be in violation of this chapter.

# Sec. 14-42. Impoundment and Release From Impoundment.

- A. Any cat or dog not licensed pursuant to this chapter, or any cat or dog licensed pursuant to this chapter, or any cat or dog found not under restraint, or any animal which is abandoned may be seized and impounded by any police officer or any person authorized to enforce this chapter. Any animal found in or allowed to be in condition which could cause serious illness or injury or death by its Owner or keeper may be seized and impounded or turned over to a licensed veterinarian for treatment. The Owner or keeper shall be responsible for all costs.
- B. The person authorized to control animals shall keep an accurate permanent record of all dogs and other animals picked up, with a description of the animal and the date of apprehension.
- C. The Animal Control Officer, upon receiving or impounding any dog, shall make a complete registry, entering therein the breed, color and sex of such dog, whether the dog is

Altered, and whether the dog is licensed. In the event the dog is licensed, the person in charge shall enter the name, address, and telephone number of the Owner and the number of the license tag in the registry. Licensed dogs shall be separated from unlicensed dogs. Not later than 24 hours after the impounding of any dog, the Owner thereof shall be notified by telephone, if possible, and mail sent to the address listed on the dog register book; or if the Owner of the dog is unknown, notice shall be posted at the Police Department and at the Village Hall describing the dog and the time and place of taking.

- D. Before any dog or other animal shall be released from the impounding area:
  - 1. Except as provided in Sections 14-82 B (Prohibited Conduct-Biting and attacking), Section 14-82 C (Dangerous Behavior), Section 14-82 D (Vicious behavior), 14-83 (Dangerous Dogs), and 14-84 (Vicious Dogs) of this Chapter, the Owner of any licensed dog or the person claiming to be the Owner of any unlicensed dog may redeem the dog upon payment of the license fee, if unpaid, an impounding fee or any other monetary amount established from the time to time by the village as necessary for care, keep and food (maintenance charge), in the amounts set forth in the Chapter 38-14 of the Code for each day or fraction thereof that such dog is impounded and also a pickup fee as established in Section 38-14 of the Code.

In case no license has been previously obtained for the dog or other animal, a license shall then be obtained by the Owner as a condition of release. All fees and charges shall be paid to the Village. Upon presentation of a proper receipt from the Village, the Police Department shall release the dog in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter.

- 2. The Owner shall show proof of rabies inoculation as required by law before the animal's release. If no proof can be shown, the Owner shall be in violation of this Chapter.
- E. Should any cat or dog be impounded for the reason that the animal is not wearing the required village tag, upon proof to the village that the proper fee for the animal has been paid, and a tag issued for the animal, such animal shall be released.
- F. All stray and unclaimed dogs or other animals shall be held for a period of not to exceed 48 hours in the village, after which such animal shall be impounded for an additional four (4) days at an establishment acceptable to the Village Board where they shall be made available to the public for adoption, or humane euthanasia.

# Sec. 14-43. Disposition of unclaimed dogs or other animals.

It shall be the duty of the Animal Control Officer to keep all dogs or other animals impounded in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter. If any impounded dog or other animal is not redeemed at the expiration of the 6th day after the day on which notice was mailed or posted as provided herein, the dog may be permanently removed from the corporate limits of the Village without further notice to a humane no-kill Animal Shelter acceptable to and as determined by the Chief of Police; provided, however, that if any dog, with the exception of a Dangerous Dog or

Vicious Dog, has not been removed from the corporate limits of the Village, any person may redeem the dog in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter after the time for redemption by the Owner has passed.

# Sec. 14-44. Procedures non-exclusive.

The provisions of this Chapter shall not preclude the Village from concurrently or separately using other methods or proceedings to (a) enforce and adjudicate this Chapter or other ordinances of the Village, or (b) enforce and adjudicate any County, State or Federal laws or regulations pertaining to the regulation of animals and their Owners, including, without limitation, the institution of an action in the Cook County Circuit Court, the United States District Court, or an administrative proceeding before the Cook County Board of Health or any other administrative body.

#### Sec. 14-45. Enforcement.

The Animal Control Officer, Chief of Police, and such other persons as may be designated by the Animal Control Officer, Chief of Police, or the Village Administrator are authorized and directed hereby to enforce the provisions of this Chapter.

Secs. 14-46.—14-70. Reserved.

# ARTICLE III. DOGS AND CATS

#### Sec. 14-71. License.

- A. Every Owner of a cat or dog within the village shall annually, between May 1 and June 30 or at such time as he may be in possession of any unlicensed animal, register such animal with the village and pay a license fee as established in Section 38-14 for each animal. Animal licenses will expire on June 30 of each year.
- B. No license shall be issued for a cat or dog unless a certificate of inoculation in conformance with law shall be produced to evidence the animal's inoculation against rabies for the current year.
- C. The village shall provide, at the beginning of each license year, such number of tags as may be necessary of such shape and size as shall be deemed expedient (the shape of such tags being changed every year), and shall have stamped thereon numbers indicating the year for which the license fee is paid, and deliver one of such tags to each person paying the license fee. In case of the loss of any such tag, the village, upon application and the payment of a fee in an amount specified in Section 38-14, shall deliver to the person owning the dog or cat for which such lost tag was originally obtained, a duplicate of such lost tag.
- D. The Owner of a licensed cat or dog shall, at times, have a collar around the animal's neck, with the tags issued by the village securely fastened thereto. The animal tag need not be on when

the animal is in the private residence of its Owner, but shall be on at all other times. Any cat or dog found not wearing a tag shall be deemed a nuisance and shall be impounded with the Owner or keeper being in violation of this Chapter. The tag shall at all times be in well maintained condition with all markings legible. Should the tag become damaged leaving the markings illegible, a duplicate tag is to be obtained.

- E. No person shall, without the authority of the Owner, remove the animal tag or collar to which the tag is attached from any animal, or entice any properly tagged animal into any enclosure for the purpose of taking off its collar or tag.
- F. The licensing provisions of this Section do not apply to animals owned by nonresidents passing through the village, nor to dogs brought into the village for exhibition at any dog show, and nothing provided in this Section shall require an Owner to procure a license for a cat or dog less than four months old.

#### Sec. 14-72. Inoculation against rabies.

Every Owner of a dog or cat four months or more of age shall cause such animal to be inoculated against rabies by a licensed veterinarian at such intervals as required by the state department of agriculture.

# Sec. 14-73. Wearing of rabies tags.

A current rabies tag shall be attached to the collar of the dog or cat and be worn around the neck of the animal whenever it is off the Owner's property. The tag shall at all times be in well maintained condition with all markings legible.

#### Sec. 14-74, Number.

As a matter of public health, no Owner shall keep more than three dogs or three cats, or any combination totaling more than three in any single dwelling unit; provided, however, that the above limitation shall not apply for a period of 60 days from the date of birth of offspring of dogs or cats in a dwelling unit as above described. The keeping of more than three cats or three dogs or any combination totaling more than three is declared to be a nuisance. The number limitation does not apply to hospitals, clinics and other facilities operated by a licensed veterinarian for the care and treatment of animals. Owners keeping more than three animals on the date of passage of the ordinance from which this Section is derived shall be allowed to license and keep those animals for the remainder of their natural lives, regardless of the limitation specified.

#### Sec. 14-75. Muzzles and/or leashes required.

It shall be unlawful for any person to permit any dog or cat in his possession to travel upon any area other than his own property within the village unless such animal is restrained by a leash and, if the dog has been deemed to be Dangerous Dog, also by a muzzle. It shall also be unlawful for any dog or cat when either unmuzzled, unleashed or unattended in a back yard by its Owner

or a member of the Owner's family to act in a vicious or terrorizing manner or to terrorize any person or neighbor by approaching that person at the property line (fence) by attacking at or through the fence.

Sec. 14-76. Animals prohibited in certain places at certain time and certain circumstances. Animals shall not be permitted or allowed inside of any of the following locations when food or drink is being commercially dispensed at the location: the premises of any church or other place of worship, public halls or buildings, school premises, restaurants, stores, markets, nursing homes, and any private places. The provisions of this Section shall not apply to (a) animal hospitals, clinics, pounds, or training schools, (b) Police Dogs, Service Dogs, or animals exhibited at animal shows; or (c) Emotional Service Dogs; provided however, that Emotional Service Dogs shall not be permitted or allowed inside the actual room or rooms in which the food or drink is being commercially dispensed; and (d) nothing shall prohibit a private business from welcoming animals into a premises so long as the business is following relevant state, county and Village health and safety codes.

#### Sec. 14-77. Reserved.

#### Sec. 14-78. Removal of feces and excrement.

A. The Owner of every animal shall be responsible for the removal and sanitary disposition of any excreta deposited by the Owner's animal anywhere in the village. When accompanying the animal outside his premises, the Owner shall have visible on his person suitable means for the removal of such excreta which will then be placed in a refuse container for sanitary removal. The legally blind which are being led outside of their premises by a guide dog shall be exempt from this Section.

## B. Failure to Remove Excrement.

- 1. It shall be unlawful for any person to fail to have in his immediate possession some means for the removal of animal excrement when causing a dog or other animal to be on the public right-of-way, on any property under the Ownership or control of the Village, or on any private property without the express consent of the Owner or lawful occupant of the property.
- 2. It shall be unlawful for any person to fail to remove any excrement of a dog or other animal under that person's control from the public right-of-way, from any property under the ownership or control of the Village, or from any private property without the express consent of the owner or lawful occupant of the property. It shall be unlawful for any person to fail to remove excrement of a dog or other animal deposited upon any private property under the control of the Owner and such must be collected and removed daily by the Owner or Owner's agent.

### C. Nuisance Declared.

It is declared to be a public nuisance if any person shall allow cat, dog or other animal feces to

accumulate in any yard, pen or premises in or upon which such animal shall be confined or kept so that it becomes offensive to those residing in the nearby vicinity or to persons passing along any street or alley near the same, or a health hazard to the residing animal. A police officer or the Animal Control Officer may, for an initial violation of Section 14-78 of this Chapter, issue a warning to the Owner rather than a citation. No more than one such warning will be provided.

# Sec. 14-79. Damage or injury.

It shall be unlawful for any person to cause or allow to cause any cat, dog or other animal to damage property other than his own, or to cause injury to another human being or animal.

# Sec. 14-80. During estrus (heat).

Any person in control of a female cat or dog during the period of estrus (heat) shall take all necessary steps to prevent male cats or dogs from coming in contact with such female animal, except for planned breeding. Any female dog in heat must be confined either (1) if outdoors, in an Enclosure or on a leash no more than six feet in length that is under the direct control and supervision of the Owner; or (2) if indoors, in a kennel, veterinary hospital, or in an enclosed building on the Owner's property.

#### Sec. 14-81. Reserved.

#### Sec. 14-82. Prohibited conduct.

#### A. Running at large.

- 1. It shall be unlawful for any Owner or any person in control of any dog to permit, or cause to be permitted, his or her dog to run at large in the Village at any time, or to fail to use reasonable care in restraining any dog that he or she keeps, harbors or otherwise maintains, or that is under his or her control, from running at large.
- 2. A police officer or the Animal Control Officer may, for an initial violation of Section 14-82 A 1 of this Chapter, issue a warning to the Owner rather than a citation. No more than one such warning will be provided.
- 3. Any dog that subsequently runs at large after either (i) the Owner has received a warning pursuant to Section 14-82 A 2 of this Chapter or, (ii) the dog has been found in violation of Section 14-82 A 1 of this Chapter by the Hearing Officer or the court, is declared hereby to be a public nuisance and may be apprehended and impounded by any police officer of the Animal Control Officer.
- 4. A dog found by the Hearing Officer or the court to be in violation of Section 14-82 A 1 of this Chapter must be Microchipped at the Owner's expense, if not already Microchipped, within 30 days after being reclaimed.
- 5. Nothing in this Section 14-82 A shall prevent the Animal Control Officer from

apprehending and impounding any dog running at large whose Owner cannot be immediately identified until such time as the Owner can be identified and located.

# B. Biting and attacking.

- 1. It shall be unlawful for an Owner or any other person in control of any Domestic Animal to allow the Domestic Animal to bite or attack any other Domestic Animal or person in the Village. If a person or Domestic Animal is bitten by a Domestic Animal, the incident shall be reported to the Police Department immediately. All reports of bites or attacks shall be investigated by the Police Department in accordance with this Chapter.
- 2. A police officer or the Animal Control Officer may, for an initial violation of Section 14-82 B 1 of this Chapter, issue a warning to the Owner rather than a citation. No more than one such warning will be provided.
- 3. Any Domestic Animal that subsequently bites or attacks any other Domestic Animal or person in the Village after either (i) the Owner has received a warning pursuant to Section 14-82 B 2 of this Chapter or, (ii) the Domestic Animal has been found in violation of Section 14-82 B 1 of this Chapter by the Hearing Officer or the court, is declared hereby to be a public nuisance and may be apprehended and impounded at any time by a police officer or the Animal Control Officer. The impoundment may, at the discretion of the Chief of Police, continue through any subsequent investigation of the Police Department and until any subsequent determination of the Hearing Officer or the court.
- 4. Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 14-82 B 1 of this Chapter, Service Dogs and Police Dogs shall not be declared public nuisances pursuant to Section Section 14-82 B 3 of this Chapter if the behavior that would provide the basis for a declaration of public nuisance occurred while the dog was performing its duties as expected.
- C. Dangerous behavior. It shall be unlawful for an Owner to allow a Dog to behave in a dangerous manner. For purposes of this Chapter, a dog behaves in a dangerous manner when the Dog:
  - 1. Unprovoked, bites or injures a Person or a Domestic Animal on public or private property;
  - 2. Unprovoked, chases or approaches a Person or a Domestic Animal upon the streets, sidewalks, or any public or private property in a menacing fashion or apparent attitude of attack, or
  - 3. Otherwise behaves in a manner that a reasonable person would believe poses a serious, unjustified, and imminent threat of physical injury or death to a Person or a Domestic Animal.

However, a Dog shall not be considered to behave in a dangerous manner when the behavior

#### occurred because:

- 1. The threatened or injured person was committing or attempting to commit a violent crime against the Owner or custodian of the Dog or member of its household;
- 2. The threatened or injured person was committing or attempting to commit a crime against the property of the Owner or custodian of the Dog, including without limitation burglary, arson, or criminal trespass;
- 3. The threatened or injured person was tormenting, abusing, assaulting, or physically threatening the Dog or its offspring;
- 4. The threatened or injured Domestic Animal was attacking or threatening to attack the dog or its offspring;
- 5. The Dog was responding to inflicted pain or injury;
- 6. The Dog was protecting itself or its offspring;
- 7. The Dog is a Service Dog or a Police Dog or a sentry or guard dog and was performing its duties as expected; or
- 8. The threatened or injured Domestic Animal was Running at Large.
- D. Vicious behavior. It shall be unlawful for an Owner to allow a Dog to behave in a vicious manner. For purposes of this Chapter, a Dog behaves in a vicious manner when it, without provocation, attacks a person or Domestic Animal and causes severe physical injury or death.

However, a Dog shall not be considered to behave in a vicious manner if the behavior occurred because:

- 1. The attacked or injured person was committing or attempting to commit a violent crime against the Owner or custodian of the dog or member of its household;
- 2. The attacked or injured person was committing or attempting to commit a crime against the property of the Owner or custodian of the Dog, including without limitation burglary, arson, or criminal trespass;
- 3. The attacked or injured person was tormenting, abusing, assaulting, or physically threatening the dog or its offspring;
- 4. The attacked or injured Domestic Animal was attacking or threatening to attack the dog or its offspring;
- 5. The dog was responding to inflicted pain or injury;
- 6. The dog was protecting itself or its offspring;

- 7. The dog is a Service Dog or a Police Dog and was performing its duties as expected, or
- 8. The attacked or injured Domestic Animal was Running at Large.

# Sec. 14-83. Dangerous Dogs.

- A. Designation of Dangerous Dogs. A dog shall be designated as a Dangerous Dog when the Hearing Officer or a court, at the request of the Police Department, has conducted an evidentiary hearing, heard and considered evidence pertaining to the temperament of the dog, and has entered an order determining that the dog has behaved in the manner described in Section 14-82 C and designating the dog as a Dangerous Dog. The Hearing Officer or the court may consider the testimony of a certified applied behaviorist, a board-certified veterinary behaviorist, and other experts in evaluating the dog's behavior and making this determination. The Hearing Officer or the court, upon designating a dog as a Dangerous Dog, shall enter a written order requiring that, in addition to the payment of the penalties provided under Section 14-124 of this Chapter, the Owner shall comply with each and all of the restrictions set forth in Section 14-83 B of this Chapter. The Hearing Officer or court may further order that the Dangerous Dog be Altered within 14 days at the Owner's expense.
- B. Restrictions on Dangerous Dogs. It shall be unlawful to harbor or keep a Dangerous Dog within the Village except upon compliance with each and all of the following restrictions at the expense of the Owner:
  - 1. Confinement. The Dangerous Dog must be confined as follows:
    - a. A Dangerous Dog on private premises must be kept indoors or outdoors either within an Enclosure or within a fully-fenced yard enclosed on all sides by fencing that:
    - (1) Is at least six feet in height;
    - (2) Locks securely:
    - (3) Has secure sides that prevent the dog from extending any portion of its body through any part of the fence; and
    - (4) Is anchored to the ground so that the dog cannot escape by digging under the fence.
    - (5) Has a fencing top to the enclosure
    - (b) A Dangerous Dog on public premises must be directly controlled and supervised by an adult at least 18 years of age. Such control and supervision shall require, at a minimum that the dog be:
    - (1) Restrained on a non-retractable Leash no longer than six feet; and
    - (2) Securely muzzled in a manner that will prevent it from biting any person or animal, but that will not injure the dog or interfere with its vision or respiration.
  - 2. Required signage. The Owner of any dog found to be a Dangerous Dog must

display in a prominent place on the premises where the Dangerous Dog is kept, and at each entrance to any outdoor Enclosure where the dog is kept, clearly visible signage stating that a Dangerous Dog is kept on the premises, in the form and with such content as is approved by the Chief of Police.

- 3. Evaluation and training. The Owner of a Dangerous Dog must cause to be completed, no later than 180 days after the designation of the dog as a Dangerous Dog, both: (a) an evaluation of the Dangerous Dog by a certified applied behaviorist, a board-certified veterinary behaviorist, or another recognized expert in the field of dog behavior, and (b) obedience training or other training or treatment of the Dangerous Dog as deemed appropriate by the behaviorist or expert.
- 4. Microchipping. A Dangerous Dog must be Microchipped at the Owner's expense, if not already Microchipped, within 14 days after the designation of the dog as a Dangerous Dog.
- 5. Insurance coverage. Within 14 days after the designation of a dog as a Dangerous Dog, the Owner of the Dangerous Dog must obtain and maintain, and provide the Village with satisfactory evidence of, liability insurance coverage, in the amount of at least \$100,000.00, which coverage includes without limitation coverage for animal bites. In lieu of liability insurance, the Owner of a Dangerous Dog may obtain a surety bond in the value of at least \$100,000.00.
- 6. Notice of designation. No Owner shall sell, transfer, or otherwise place a Dangerous Dog in the permanent possession of any other person, including without limitation any animal shelter, without first notifying that person that the dog has been designated a Dangerous Dog pursuant to this Chapter and notifying the jurisdiction to which the dog will be transferred of the dog's designation as a Dangerous Dog pursuant to this Chapter.
- C. Failure to comply. It shall be unlawful for any person to keep or maintain a Dangerous Dog within the corporate limits of the Village unless the dog is kept and maintained in compliance with this Chapter and with the order entered by the Hearing Officer or the court. Upon finding that a Dangerous Dog has not been so kept or maintained, the Hearing Officer or court may, in addition to requiring the payment of the penalties provided in Section 14-124 of this Chapter, order that the Dangerous Dog be altered within 14 days at the Owner's expense, or order that the Dangerous Dog be permanently removed from the corporate limits of the Village within 14 days, with the Owner of the Dangerous Dog being responsible for all fees and costs incurred by the Village in caring for the Dangerous Dog prior to its removal from the corporate limits.
- D. Public nuisance. Any Dangerous Dog that is not kept and maintained in accordance with this Chapter and with the order entered by the Hearing Officer or the court is declared hereby to be a public nuisance and may be apprehended and impounded upon the order of the Animal Control Officer or Chief of Police. The impoundment may, at the discretion of the Chief of Police, continue through any subsequent investigation of the Police

Department and any subsequent determination of the Hearing Officer or the court.

Dogs designated as dangerous in other jurisdictions. Any person desiring to bring a dog to live in the Village that has been previously declared within another jurisdiction to have behaved in a dangerous manner or a similar manner, or has been designated within another jurisdiction as a Dangerous Dog or any similar designation, must notify the Police Department prior to moving the dog into the Village of such declaration or designation. Upon moving the dog into the Village, the dog will be considered as a Dangerous Dog pursuant to this Chapter, and the Owner must comply at all times with each and every requirement and restriction established in this Chapter pertaining to Dangerous Dogs, including without limitation the restrictions set forth in Section 14-83 B of this Chapter.

# Sec. 14-84. Vicious Dogs.

A. Designation of Vicious Dogs. A dog shall be designated as a Vicious Dog when the Hearing Officer or the court, at the request of the Police Department, has conducted an evidentiary hearing, heard and considered evidence pertaining to the temperament of the dog, and has entered an order determining that the dog has behaved in the manner described in Section 14-82 D and designating the dog as a Vicious Dog. The Administrator or his designee must give notice of the infraction that is the basis of the investigation to the Owner, conduct a thorough investigation, interview any witnesses, including the Owner, gather any existing medical records, veterinary medical records or behavioral evidence, and make a detailed report recommending a finding that the dog is a Vicious Dog and give the report to the Hearing Officer or the Court (as the case may be) the Village Prosecutor or the State's Attorney's Office (as the case may be) and the Owner.

A dog previously designated as a Dangerous Dog pursuant to Section 14-83 A that is found by the Hearing Officer or the court to have behaved in a dangerous manner for a second time may be designated as a Vicious Dog by the Hearing Officer or the court without evidence that the dog has behaved in a vicious manner. In determining whether to designate a dog as a Vicious Dog, the Hearing Officer or the court may consider the testimony of a certified applied behaviorist, a board-certified veterinary behaviorist, and other experts in evaluating the dog's behavior and making this determination. The Hearing Officer or the court, upon designating a dog as a Vicious Dog, shall enter a written order requiring that, in addition to the payment of the penalties provided under Section 14-124, that the Owner shall comply with each and all of the restrictions set forth in Section 14-84 B of this Chapter.

- B. Restriction of Vicious Dogs. It shall be unlawful to harbor or keep a Vicious Dog within the Village except upon compliance with each and all of the following restrictions at the expense of the Owner:
  - 1. Confinement. The Vicious Dog must be confined as follows:
  - a. A Vicious Dog on private premises must be kept indoors or within an Enclosure at all times.
  - b. A Vicious Dog shall only be allowed outdoors and outside of an Enclosure if:

- (1) The dog is securely muzzled in a manner that will prevent it from biting any person or animal, but that will not injure the dog or interfere with its vision or respiration;
- (2) Is restrained on a non-retractable Leash no longer than six feet;
- (3) Is under the direct control and supervision of the Owner or other adult at least 18 years of age at all times; and
- (4) The release is:
  - (a) Necessary for veterinary care for the dog;
  - (b) Pursuant to a sale or other change of Ownership that results in the removal of the Vicious Dog from the corporate limits of the Village;
  - (c) Pursuant to the immediate transfer of the Vicious Dog to another Enclosure; or
  - (d) Necessary for compliance with an order of the Hearing Officer or the court.
- 2. Required signage. The Owner of any dog found to be a Vicious Dog must display in a prominent place on the premises where the Vicious Dog is confined, and at each entrance to any outdoor Enclosure where the dog is kept, clearly visible signage stating that a Vicious Dog is kept on the premises, in the form and with such content as is approved by the Chief of Police.
- 3. Evaluation and training. The Owner of a Vicious Dog must cause to be completed, no later than 180 days after the designation of the dog as a Vicious Dog, both: (a) an evaluation of the Vicious Dog by a certified applied behaviorist, a board certified veterinary behaviorist, or another recognized expert in the field, and (b) obedience training or other training or treatment of the Vicious Dog as deemed appropriate by the behaviorist or expert.
- 4. Altering and Microchipping. A Vicious Dog must be Altered and Microchipped at the Owner's expense, if not already Altered and Microchipped, within 14 days after the designation of the dog as a Vicious Dog.
- 5. Insurance coverage. Within 14 days after the designation of a dog as a Vicious Dog, the Owner of the Vicious Dog must obtain and maintain, and provide the Village with satisfactory evidence of, liability insurance coverage, in the amount of at least \$150,000.00, which coverage includes without limitation coverage for animal bites. In lieu of liability insurance, the Owner of a Vicious Dog may obtain a surety bond in the value of at least \$150,000.00.
- 6. Notice of designation. No Owner shall sell, transfer, or otherwise place a Vicious Dog in the permanent possession of any other person, including without limitation any animal shelter, without first notifying that person that the dog has been designated a Vicious Dog pursuant to this Chapter and notifying the jurisdiction to which the dog will be transferred of the dog's designation as a Vicious Dog pursuant to this Chapter.

- C. Failure to comply. It shall be unlawful for any person to keep or maintain a Vicious Dog within the corporate limits of the Village unless the dog is kept and maintained in compliance with this Chapter and with the order entered by the Hearing Officer or the court. Upon finding that a Vicious Dog has not been so kept or maintained, the Hearing Officer or court may, in addition to requiring the payment of the penalties provided in Section 14-124 of this Chapter, order:
  - 1. That the Vicious Dog be permanently removed from the corporate limits of the Village within 14 days, with the Owner of the Vicious Dog being responsible for all fees and costs incurred by the Village in caring for the Vicious Dog prior to its removal from the corporate limits; or
  - 2. That the Vicious Dog be humanely destroyed, except that the Hearing Officer or the court shall not order the humane destruction of the Vicious Dog if the Owner of the Vicious Dog provides the Hearing Officer or the court with written proof that:
    - a. The Vicious Dog will be placed in an animal shelter outside of the Village that has been notified of the dog's designation as a Vicious Dog under this Chapter and has consented to the shelter and care of the Vicious Dog;
    - b. The animal shelter will accept the Vicious Dog and the Owner is willing to pay all expenses for transporting the Vicious Dog to the animal shelter; and
    - c. The Owner has informed the animal control authority in the jurisdiction to which the animal is being relocated of the dog's designation as a Vicious Dog under this Chapter and the animal control authority, if required by law, has consented to the relocation.

If the Hearing Officer or the court orders the permanent removal of the Vicious Dog pursuant to Section 14-84 C 1 the Owner must, within 14 days of the order to remove the dog from the corporate limits of the Village, provide written evidence to the Village that the Owner has informed the person(s) to whom the dog has been relocated of the dog's designation as a Vicious Dog under this Chapter and that those person(s) have consented to the shelter and care of the dog, and has informed the animal control authority in the jurisdiction to which the animal is being relocated of the dog's designation as a Vicious Dog under this Chapter and the animal control authority has consented to the relocation.

- D. Public Nuisance. Any Vicious Dog that is not confined in accordance with this Section 14-84 is declared hereby to be a public nuisance and shall be impounded by any law enforcement authority having jurisdiction and permanently removed from the corporate limits of the Village.
- E. Dogs designated as vicious in other jurisdictions. Any person desiring to bring a dog to live in the Village that has been previously declared within another jurisdiction to have behaved in a vicious manner or a similar manner, or has been designated within another jurisdiction as a Vicious Dog or any similar designation, must notify the Police Department prior to moving the dog into the Village of such declaration or designation. Upon moving the dog into the Village, the dog will be considered as a Vicious Dog pursuant to this Chapter, and the Owner must comply at all times with each and every requirement and restriction established in this Chapter

pertaining to Vicious Dogs, including without limitation the restrictions set forth in Section 14-84 B of this Chapter.

# Sec. 14-85. Quarantine of biting animals.

- A. In the event the Owner of any animal has notice that his or her animal has bitten any Person or Animal, it shall be unlawful for the Owner to kill such animal, sell or give the animal away, or permit or allow the animal to be taken beyond the corporate limits of the Village except to a licensed veterinary hospital. It shall be the duty of the Owner to immediately report the incident to the Police Department and to immediately place the animal in a licensed veterinary hospital where the animal shall be quarantined for a period of at least ten (10) days; or the biting animal may be confined in the house of its owner in a manner which will prohibit it from biting any person or animal if a veterinarian adjudges such confinement to be satisfactory; or, upon the request of any police officer or the Animal Control Officer, to deliver the animal to him or her for such placement. The Owner shall immediately furnish to the Police Department the name and location of the hospital and a certificate of a licensed veterinarian stating whether or not the animal shows signs of rabies. At the expiration of the quarantine period and prior to the release of the animal, the Owner shall furnish the Police Department with a certificate of a licensed veterinarian stating that the animal does not have rabies. All costs of maintaining any such animal in a veterinary hospital shall be the obligation and responsibility of its Owner and shall be paid by said Owner.
- B. In the event any animal which has bitten any person or Animal is slain or dies within ten days from the time of the bite, it shall be the duty of the person slaying the animal, or having knowledge of its death, and of the Owner of the animal to notify the Police Department and immediately deliver or cause the delivery of the intact animal to the Police Department.
- C. Notwithstanding the provisions of Sections 14-85 A and 14-85 B of this Chapter, the Owner of any animal which has bitten any person or Animal may, in lieu of the delivery and the quarantine of the animal as provided in Section 14-85 A:
  - 1. Present evidence to the Animal Control Officer or the Chief of Police that the animal has been inoculated against rabies more than thirty (30) days but less than one year prior to the biting, if a one year immunity vaccine has been used, or more than thirty (30) days but less than three years prior to the biting if a three-year vaccine has been used; and
  - 2. Have the animal examined by a rabies inspector or a licensed veterinarian who shall make an examination of the animal to determine if the animal exhibits any sign of rabies, and who shall thereafter:
    - a. Take the animal into custody for a period of ten days if such examination discloses any sign or symptoms of rabies and notify the Police Department thereof:
    - b. In the event such examination discloses that no sign or symptoms of rabies are present, order the animal confined in the home of the Owner, or upon the

Owner's premises, for a period of ten days in an Enclosure adequate to ensure, in the opinion of the Animal Control Officer, that the animal will not be in contact with other animals or persons; or

- c. Have such animal examined for rabies by a licensed veterinarian on the first, fifth, and tenth days of such confinement, which veterinarian shall, within 24 hours of each such examination, report the results of the examination to the Animal Control Officer or the Chief of Police. It shall be the duty of the Owner to ensure that the reports required by this Paragraph are made.
- 3. No animal displaying any signs or symptoms of rabies, as determined by the rabies inspector or licensed veterinarian who examines the animal pursuant to Section 14-85 C 2 shall be released from any confinement without the prior approval of the Animal Control Officer or the Chief of Police.
- 4. In the event an examination of any animal discloses signs or symptoms of rabies, the animal shall be delivered to a licensed veterinarian for continued observation and/or testing.
- 5. The Animal Control Officer shall impound, for the remaining period of observation, any animal whose Owner fails to comply with the requirements of this Subsection.
- D. It is the responsibility of the Owner to provide, upon request by the examining veterinarian, Animal Control Officer, or a police officer, a dated certificate or certificates of vaccination, signed by a licensed veterinarian. The certificates shall include a description of the animal sufficient for purposes of identification.

# Sec. 14-86. Rabid dogs.

- A. It shall be the duty of the Owner of any dog suffering from rabies to place it immediately in a veterinary hospital, or, upon demand, to surrender the dog to a police officer or the Animal Control Officer. Any dog suffering from rabies is declared hereby to be a public nuisance and, if the dog cannot be safely apprehended and impounded, the dog may be slain by a police officer or the Animal Control Officer.
- B. It shall be the duty of any person who discovers that any dog is suffering from rabies, or that any dog or other animal has been bitten by a dog or other animal suffering with rabies, to report such fact immediately to the Animal Control Officer or the Chief of Police. The report shall include the name, if known, and the place of residence of the Owner of the dog or other animal, the place where the animal can be found, and the license number of any such dog, if known. Any such dog or other animal shall be immediately confined in a veterinary hospital or impounded and securely kept until it can be determined whether the dog or other animal is suffering from rabies.
- C. Whenever the Village President, by proclamation, shall declare that danger from rabies is great, it shall be unlawful to permit or allow any dog upon the public streets, alleys, or other

public place unless the dog is securely muzzled.

Secs. 14-87.—14-110. Reserved.

# ARTICLE IV. HUMANE CARE

# Sec. 14-111. - Removal of animal from negligent Owner to registered veterinarian or shelter; impoundment.

When a community service officer or police officer finds a violation of this article, or a violation of any section of the Illinois Humane Care for Animals Act (510 ILCS 70/1 et seq.), the community service officer or police officer may remove such animal from the property if the violation has resulted in: an animal being in such condition that no remedy or corrective action by the Owner is possible; the Owner refusing to provide a remedy or corrective action for the violation; an animal being exposed in a manner that places the animal in a life-threatening situation for a prolonged period of time in extreme heat or cold conditions that may result in injury or death of the animal or may result in hypothermia, hyperthermia, frostbite, or similar condition. The community service officer or police officer may impound the animal at a registered veterinarian or shelter for proper care and treatment. The Owner or keeper of such animal shall be held strictly liable for all expenses incurred. Upon taking temporary custody of the animal under this Section, the law enforcement officer shall attempt to contact the Owner of the animal. The law enforcement officer shall leave information of the location of the animal if the Owner cannot be reached.

# Sec. 14-112. Injured or diseased animal in public places; removal; euthanization.

Any animal which is on any public way or place and which appears to be injured or diseased and for which no care is being provided, or any injured or diseased animal which has strayed onto private property shall be removed to the nearest humane society, pound or veterinarian willing to accept and treat the animal without guarantee of payment. If immediate removal shall not appear possible and all attempts to contact the animal's Owner or veterinarian have been unsuccessful, the animal may be euthanized on the scene by the most humane method possible, unless the Owner shall come forward and assume responsibility for immediate removal and care.

#### Sec. 14-113. Owner's duties.

Each Owner shall provide for each of his animals:

- 1. Sufficient quantity of good quality, wholesome food and water;
- 2. Adequate shelter and protection from the weather;
- 3. Veterinary care when needed to prevent suffering; and
- 4. Humane care and treatment.

#### Sec. 14-114. Abuse or abandonment of animal and unlawful treatment of animals.

- A. No person or Owner may beat, cruelly treat, torment, starve, overwork or otherwise abuse any animal. No Owner may abandon any animal where it may become a public charge or may suffer injury, hunger or exposure. It shall be unlawful for any person to commit any act of cruelty to any animal, or to knowingly cause or allow to be caused any act of cruelty to any animal, including without limitation:
  - 1. To willfully or maliciously shoot, poison, kill, injure, abuse, overwork, torment, or ill-treat any animal;
  - 2. To fail, refuse or neglect to provide any animal in his or her charge or custody as Owner or otherwise with proper food, drink, shade, care, or shelter;
  - 3. To Abandon any animal within the Village limits;
  - 4. To confine an animal in a motor vehicle in such a manner that places it in a lifeor health-threatening situation by exposure to a prolonged period of extreme heat or cold;
  - 5. To transport any living animal in the trunk of a vehicle;
  - 6. To transport any living animal in the open bed of a truck unless the animal is restrained in a kennel or on a Leash that will prevent the animal from jumping or falling off the vehicle;
  - 7. To cause, instigate, stage, or train any animal to fight or permit any fight between any animal and another animal or human;
  - 8. To crop animal ears or dock animal tails, unless performed by a licensed veterinarian;
  - 9. To give away any live Domestic Animal or fowl as a prize for, or as an inducement to enter a place of amusement, or as an inducement to purchase any product or enter into any business relationship or agreement whereby the offer was for the purpose of attracting trade; or
  - 10. To tether an animal, except in compliance with Section 14-120 of this Chapter.
- B. Any person who kills or injures a Domestic Animal while driving a vehicle shall stop at the scene of the accident, and render such assistance as practicable, and immediately report the incident to the Police Department.
- C. Any animal control officer, police officer, or licensed veterinarian may take into custody any animal, upon either private or public property, that such officer reasonably determines has been the victim of cruelty, provided that entry upon private property shall only be accomplished with the assistance of a police officer and pursuant to a warrant. The officer or veterinarian may inspect, care for, or treat such animal or place the animal in the care of a licensed humane society or licensed veterinarian for treatment, boarding or other care or, if a licensed veterinarian determines that the animal appears to be diseased or disabled beyond recovery for any useful purpose, for humane destruction.
- D. The Owner of an animal destroyed pursuant to Section 14-114 C will not be entitled to recover damages for the destruction of the animal unless the Owner proves that the destruction was unreasonable and unwarranted.
- E. Expenses incurred for the care, treatment or boarding of any animal taken into custody pursuant to this Section 14-114 pending prosecution of the Owner of the animal shall be

assessed to the Owner as a cost of the case if the Owner is adjudicated liable.

F. If a person is adjudicated liable for a violation of this Section and the Hearing Officer or the court determines that such animal would be subject to any cruelty in the future, such animal will not be returned to or remain in the custody of such person, and the Hearing Officer or the court shall order the animal turned over to an animal shelter or licensed veterinarian for adoption.

# Sec. 14-115. Animal fighting.

- A. No person may own, capture, breed, train or lease any animal which he knows or should know is intended for use in any show, exhibition, program or other activity featuring, or otherwise involving, a fight between such animal and any other animal or human, or the intentional killing of any animal for the purpose of sport, wagering or entertainment.
- B. No person shall promote, conduct, carry on, advertise, collect money for or in any other manner assist or aid in the presentation for purposes of sport, wagering or entertainment, any show, exhibition, program or other activity involving a fight between two or more animals or any animal and human, or the intentional killing of any animal.
- C. No person shall sell or offer for sale, ship, transport or otherwise move, or deliver or receive any animal which he knows or should know has been captured, bred or trained, or will be used, to fight another animal or human or be intentionally killed, for the purpose of sport, wagering or entertainment.
- D. No person shall manufacture for sale, shipment, transportation or delivery any device or equipment which that person knows or should know is intended for use in any show, exhibition, program or other activity featuring or otherwise involving a fight between two or more animals, or any human and animal, or the intentional killing of any animal for purposes of sport, wagering or entertainment.
- E. No person shall own, possess, sell or offer for sale, ship, transport or otherwise move any equipment or device which such person knows or should know is intended for use in connection with any show, exhibition, program or activity featuring or otherwise involving a fight between two or more animals, or any animal and human, or the intentional killing of any animal for purposes of sport, wagering or entertainment.
- F. No person shall make available any site, structure or facility, whether enclosed or not, which he knows or should know is intended to be used for the purpose of conducting any show, exhibition, program or other activity involving a fight between two or more animals, or any animal and human, or the intentional killing of any animal.
- G. No person shall attend or otherwise patronize any show, exhibition, program or other activity featuring or otherwise involving a fight between two or more animals, or any animal and human, or the intentional killing of any animal for the purposes of sport, wagering or entertainment.

- H. No person shall tie or attach or fasten any live animal to any machine or device propelled by any power for the purpose of causing such animal to be pursued by a dog or dogs. This subsection shall apply only when such dog is intended to be used in a dog fight.
- I. If a person is adjudicated liable for a violation of this Section and the Hearing Officer or the court determines that such animal would be subject to such cruelty in the future, such animal will not be returned to or remain in the custody of such person, and the Hearing Officer or the court shall order the animal turned over to an animal shelter or licensed veterinarian for adoption.

#### Sec. 14-116. Reserved.

### Sec. 14-117. Intentional poisoning or attempts to injure or kill domesticated animals.

No person shall knowingly poison, injure, harm, kill or make any attempt to do such acts to any domesticated animal. Licensed veterinarians may humanely euthanize any animal for the purpose of controlling disease or ending undue suffering.

#### Sec. 14-118. - Leaving unattended animals in vehicles, containers or structures.

Life or Health Threatening Confinement. No person shall confine any animal in a motor vehicle, enclosed trailer, kennel, doghouse or other type of container or structure in such a manner that places it in a life or health threatening situation by exposure to a prolonged period of extreme heat or cold, without proper ventilation or other protection from such heat or cold. In order to protect the health and safety of an animal, an animal control officer or a law enforcement officer who has probable cause to believe that this section is being violated shall have the authority to enter into such motor vehicle by any reasonable means after making a reasonable effort to locate the responsible person.

#### Sec. 14-119. Reserved.

#### Sec. 14-120. Leashing of animals to fixed objects.

Notwithstanding any provision of this Chapter to the contrary, it shall be unlawful for any person to tether or leash any animal to a fixed object, except upon the satisfaction of each of the following conditions:

- A. The chain, rope, Leash, run line, or other device used to tether the animal shall be placed or attached so as to prevent the animal from becoming entangled with a structure, tree, plant, shrubbery, another animal or any other object:
- B. The chain, rope, Leash, run line, or other device used to tether the animal shall be of sufficient length, in proportion to the size of the animal, to allow the animal to obtain proper exercise, convenient access to food and water, shelter and protection from direct sunlight or extreme weather conditions; and
- C. The chain, rope, Leash, run line, or other device used to tether the animal does not weigh

more than one-eighth the amount of the animal's weight and is not made from a logging chain or tow chain;

- D. The animal is not attached to the chain, rope, Leash, run line, or other device by any collar or means of restraint that may injure the animal or interfere with its vision or respiration, including without limitation any type of "choke" collar that constricts around the animal's neck when pulled.
- E. The animal to be tethered has not been designated as a Dangerous Dog or a Vicious Dog;
- F. The animal is not tethered in a manner that either:
  - 1. Permits the animal to trespass upon public property, or upon private property without the consent of the property Owner, or
  - 2. Threatens the health, safety or welfare of any person or animal;
- G. The animal is not tethered and unsupervised for more than one hour during any 24 hour period;
- H. The animal is not tethered and unsupervised between the hours of 9:00 p.m. and 7:00 a.m.;
- I. The animal is not tethered and unsupervised within 500 feet of any school at any time;
- J. The animal is not tethered and unsupervised on public property at any time.
- K. The animal is not tethered on private property without the prior consent of the property Owner; and
- L. The animal is not tethered and unsupervised during extreme temperatures, including without limitation during heat advisories or when the temperature is below 32 degrees Fahrenheit.

# Sec. 14-121. Teasing, striking, tampering with, injuring or killing police dogs.

- A. It shall be unlawful for any person to willfully and maliciously taunt, torment, tease, beat, strike or administer, or subject any desensitizing drugs, chemicals or substances to any dog used by law enforcement in the performance of such dog's functions or duties, or when placed in a kennel off duty, or to interfere or meddle with any such dog used by a law enforcement department or agency or any handler in the performance of the functions or duties of such department or agency.
- B. It shall be unlawful for any person to willfully or maliciously torture, mutilate, injure, disable, poison or kill any dog used by a law enforcement department or agency in the performance of the functions or duties of such department or when placed in kennel off duty. However, a police officer or veterinarian may perform euthanasia in emergency situations when

delay would cause the dog undue suffering and pain.

# Sec. 114-122. Problem pet owners.

- A. Problem pet ownership. For purposes of this Chapter, a problem pet owner is a person who has been determined by the Hearing Officer or the court to have committed (i) three or more separate and unrelated violations of Section 14-114 (Abuse or abandonment of animal and unlawful treatment of animals), Section 14-83 B (Restrictions on Dangerous Dogs), Section 14-84 B (Restriction of Vicious Dogs), Section 14-115 (Animal fighting), or Section 14-120. (Leashing of animals to fixed objects) of this Chapter in one 36 month period or (ii) two or more separate and unrelated violations of Section 14-114, Section 14-83 B, Section 14-84 B Section 14-115, or Section 14-120 of this Chapter at any time after having a dog owned by him or her designated as a Dangerous Dog or a Vicious Dog.
- B. Designation of problem pet owner. A person shall be designated as a problem pet owner when the Hearing Officer or the court, at the request of the Police Department, has conducted an evidentiary hearing, heard and considered evidence pertaining to past violations of this Chapter by the person, and entered an order determining that the person has committed the violations described in Section 114-122 A and designating the person as a Problem Pet Owner.
- C. Notice of hearing. A person whom the Police Department requests be designated as a Problem Pet Owner shall be provided with written notice of a hearing before the Hearing Officer or the court, served by certified and regular mail to the person's last known address, containing the following information:
  - 1. The name and address of the person who is the subject of the hearing;
  - 2. The names, descriptions, and license numbers of any animals owned by or licensed to the person;
  - 3. Brief descriptions of the violations that form the basis of the request;
  - 4. Notification of the date, time, and location of the hearing before the Hearing Officer or the court; and
  - 5. A summary of the impact of designation as a problem pet owner, as set forth in this Section.
- D. Pre-Hearing confinement of animals. Upon service of notice pursuant to Section 114-122 C of this Section, all of the animals owned by a person whom the Police Department seeks to be declared to be a problem pet owner may be impounded if the Chief of Police or his designee determines that impoundment is in the interests of public safety or the health and welfare of the animals. Upon such a determination by the Chief of Police or his designee, an Animal Control Officer or police officer may require that all of the animals be held in an animal shelter or a secure veterinary hospital until a hearing is held. If all of the animals are not impounded prior to the hearing, the Owner shall comply with any and all requirements imposed by the Chief of Police, the Animal Control Officer, or their designee for the confinement and care of the animals pending the hearing. Any failure to comply with any such requirement is a violation of this Section 114-122 D, and each day of non-compliance will constitute a separate violation.

E. Bar on licensing or owning animals. If, after conducting a hearing, the Hearing Officer or the court determines that a person should be declared a problem pet owner, all animal licenses held by that person will be immediately revoked, and it shall be unlawful for that person to license or own any animal in the Village for a period of twenty-four (24) months from the date of the entry of that determination. Further, upon the determination by the Hearing Officer or the court that a person is a problem pet owner, the problem pet owner must immediately surrender all animals in his or her possession to the Chief of Police, the Animal Control Officer, or their designee.

#### Sec. 114-123. Hindering enforcement.

It shall be unlawful to hinder or molest any police officer or the Animal Control Officer engaged in the enforcement of this Chapter. Further, it shall be unlawful for any person to violate any provision of this Chapter.

# ARTICLE V. VIOLATIONS; PENALTIES

# Sec. 14-124. Violations; Penalty.

- A. Violation notices for violations of this Chapter shall be issued, served, and resolved in accordance with the Administrative Hearing System or, if brought before a court of competent jurisdiction, pursuant to the Illinois Code of Civil Procedure, Illinois Supreme Court Rules, and such other rules that may apply to such court.
- B. Violations of this Article are punishable by a fine set forth in Chapter 38 of Revised Municipal Code of the Village of Norridge -2002. Each Day a violation shall continue shall be a separate and distinct offense.

#### ARTICLE VI.

# REGULATING THE SALE OF DOGS, CATS AND RABBITS

[...]

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#### Sec. 38-14. Animals.

The fines, penalties, fees or charges required by or referenced in chapter 14 are as follows:

# Sec. 14-2. Enumeration of fines for violation of chapter 14.

- A. Fines for violations of this chapter when not processed on the long form are as follows:
- 1. Possession of a dangerous animal (14-5A.)\$100.00 or long form
- 2. Impoundment fee, per diem (14-42D.1.)20.00
- 3. Pickup fee (14-42D.1.)20.00
- 4. Dog and cat license fee (14-71A.)5.00
- 5. Loss of tag or replacement tax (14-71C.)2.50
- 6. Failure to inoculate against rabies (14-72)80.00
- 7. Failure to wear rabies tag (14-73)80.00
- 8. Cat or dog at large (14-75) (14-82A.):
  - a. 1st offense 80.00
  - b. 2nd offense 100.00
  - c. 3rd offense 250.00
- 9. Cat or dog in public place (14-76)80.00
- 10. Cat or dog creating a nuisance (14-78 C.)80.00 or long form
- 11. Failure to remove feces (14-78B.)80.00
- 12. Damage to property or injury to others (14-79) long form only
- 13. Keeping animal other than domestic pets (14-4)250.00
- 14. Noisy animals (14-7)80.00
- 15. Failure to control cats and dogs during estrus (heat) (14-80)80.00
- 16. Animal bites (14-6)100.00 or long form
- 17.a. Having a dangerous dog (14-83)250.00 or long form
- 17.b. Having a vicious dog (14-84)250.00 or long form
- 18.a. Selling or giving away a dangerous dog (14-83B.6.) long form only
- 18.b. Selling or giving away a vicious dog (14-84B.6.) long form only
- 19. Diseased animal at large (14-8)80.00
- 20. Operating a kennel or pet shop in a residential area (14-3)100.00 or long form
- 21. Failure to obtain a village license (14-71A.):
  - a. 1st offense 80.00
  - b. 2nd offense 100.00
  - c. 3rd offense 250.00
  - d. 4th offense long form only
- 22. Failure to wear license (14-71D.)80.00
- 23. Removing license without permission (14-71E.)80.00
- 24. Number of cats and dogs (14-74)80.00 or long form
- 25. Teasing, tampering with police dog (14-121A.) long form only
- 26. Injuring or killing a police dog (14-121B.) long form only

- 27. Cruel treatment to animals (Owner's Duties)(14-113)80.00
- 28. Cruel treatment to animals (Abuse or Abandonment)(14-114):
  - a. 1st offense 100.00
  - b. 2nd 150.00
  - c. 3rd offense 250.00
- 29. Cruel treatment to animals (Animal fighting)(14-115)long form only
- 30. Cruel treatment to animals (Offering as prizes)(114A-9)80.00
- 31. Cruel treatment to animals (poisoning, attempt to injure)(14-117) long form only
- 32. Cruel treatment to animals (unattended in vehicles)(14-118):
  - a. 1st offense 100.00
  - b. 2nd offense 150.00
  - c. 3rd offense 250.00
- 33. Cruel treatment to animals (injured or diseased animal)(14-112)80.00
- 34. Cruel treatment to animals (struck by vehicles)(14-119):
  - a. 1st offense 100.00
  - b. 2nd offense 150.00
  - c. 3rd offense 250.00
- 35. Cruel treatment to animals (14-120)80.00
- 36. Prohibited Conduct-Biting and attacking (Section 14-82 B)\$80.00 \$750.00
- 37. Dangerous Behavior (14-82 C)\$80.00 \$750.00
- 38. Vicious behavior (14-82 D)\$80.00 \$750.00
- 39. Quarantine of Biting Animals (14-85)\$80.00 \$750.00
- 40. Rabid dogs (14-86)\$80.00 \$750.00
- 41. Problem pet owner (14-122)\$80.00 \$750.00
- B. Fines and penalties for violation of this chapter, when processed on the long form are as follows:
- 1. For each offense:
  - a. First offense: No less than \$125.00 nor more than \$750.00;
  - b. Second offense: No less than \$500.00 nor more than \$750.00;
  - c. Third offense: \$750.00; and
  - d. Fourth offense: confiscation and euthanasia; plus:
- 2. The cost to replace any village property lost due to damage or death (dog); and
- 3. Any veterinarian bills for the care, treatment, or euthanasia of any village animal.
  - a. 1st offense \$80.00
  - b. 2nd offense \$100.00
  - c. 3rd and subsequent offenses \$250.00
- C. For offenses charged under this Chapter a separate offense shall be deemed to have been committed on each day during or on which a violation occurs or continues.